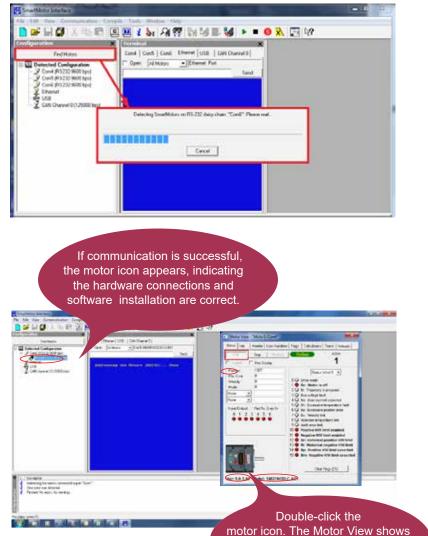




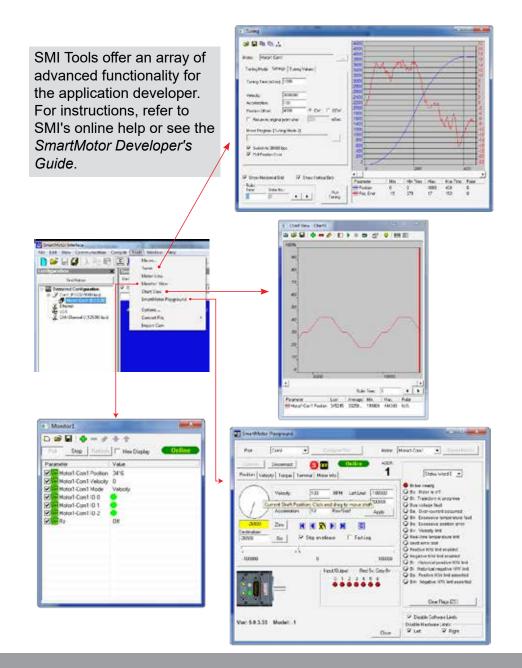
Establish Communication To establish communication between the PC and SmartMotor, use the Find Motors button.



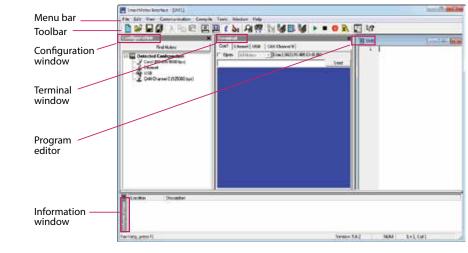
key information, including position,

mware version and model.

SMI Tools



SMI Standard Control Interface



Menu bar: All of the windows and functions of the SMI software can be accessed through the menu bar. Many of these are also accessible through the icons on the toolbar.

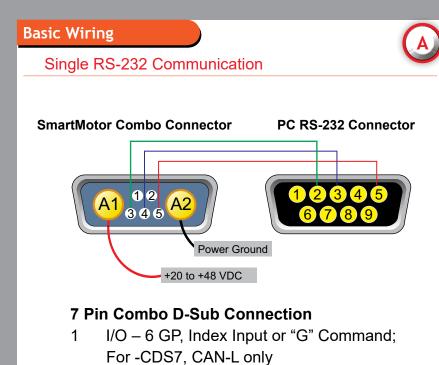
Toolbar: Used for accessing the primary features of the SMI software. Depending on the current state of the SMI software and the currently active window, some toolbar buttons may be disabled

Configuration window: Displays all connections to PC, all motors connected to PC, and status on all motors.

Terminal window: Used to directly access real-time command and control of the motor.

Program editor: Used to manage, edit and print the user program that will be sent to the motor.

Information window: Display the results of user operations.



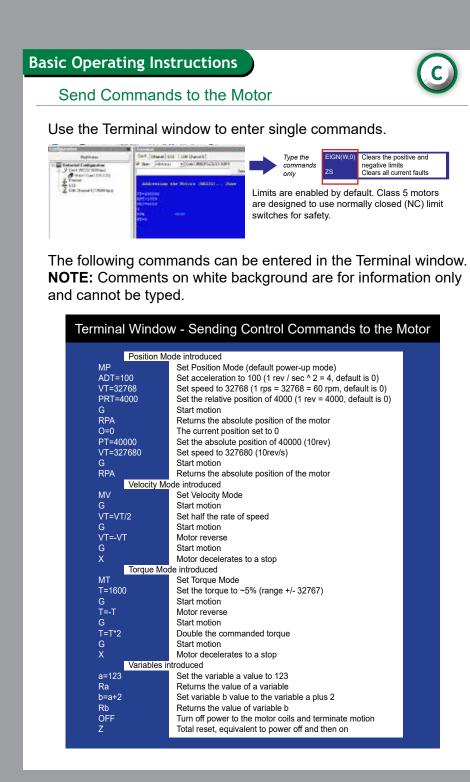
- 2 +5 VDC Out; For -CDS7, CAN-H only
- 3 RS-232 Transmit (Tx)
- 4 RS-232 Receive (Rx)
- 5 Common Ground (typ. SIG Ground)
- A1 Main Power: +20-48 VDC
- A2 Common Ground (req'd. POWER Ground)

9 PIN RS-232 Connection

- 2 RS-232 Receive (Rx)
- 3 RS-232 Transmit (Tx)
- 5 RS-232 Ground (Gnd)

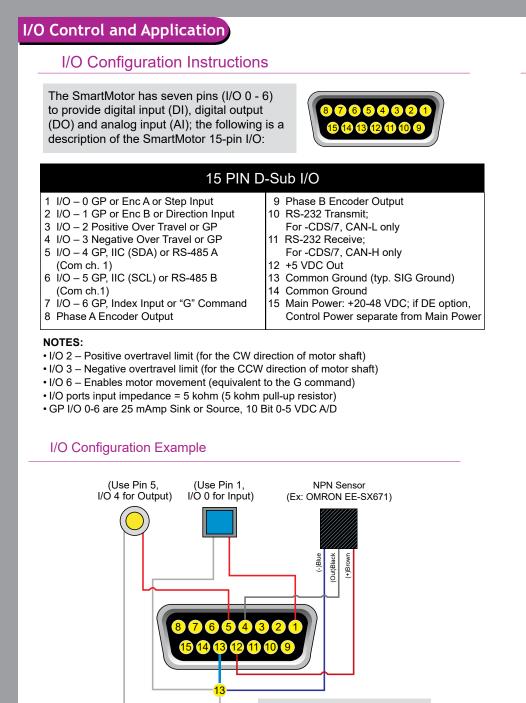
NOTE: Do not reverse the positive and negative leads from the power supply.

High-speed operation of the application requires 48 VDC input.



Enter the following in the Program Editor window. Simple Motion Control Program 'Disable hardware limits 'Clear all current faults 'Wait for the previous action to complete, then continue 'Set wait time (1sec=1000) 'Wait for the previous action to complete, then continue 'Show the actual position, then go to the next line WAIT=1000*4 VT=VT/2 'Wait for 4 seconds 'Wait for 3 seconds WAIT= 1000*3 'Wait for 3 seconds MT T=1601 G WAIT=1000*3 T=1761 'Wait for 3 seconds WAIT=1000*3 T=2242 More programs are available at animatics.com/sample-programs WAIT=1000*3 T=1281 WAIT=1000*3 'Set torque 'Wait for 3 second Download Program to the SmartMotor of [there] At | DA Chares| See [color -]Col MARTISCA COL Click 'Compile and Download ich "Neue" is mart diel de reden ar die sterne under charet angen vol Program' then click 'Run' or 'Reset' or power the motor off/on. The motor will automatically run the

program.



Wiring diagram example

I/O Control Program Example





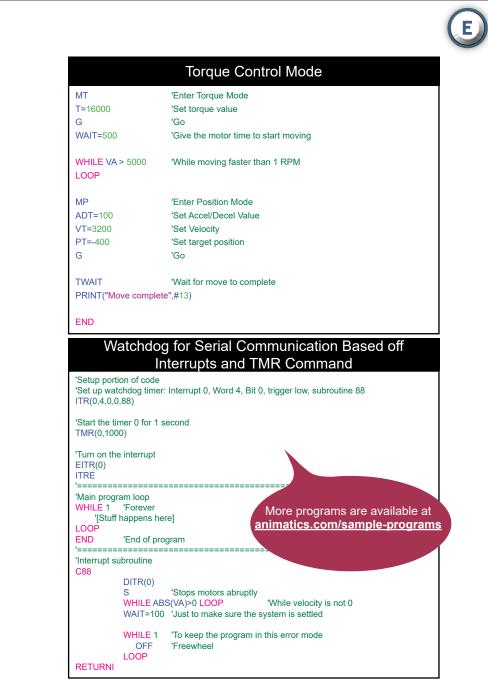
D

'Program end

D Motor to Follow the Movement and the Use of Electronic Gearing **Master Motor** Slave Motor Master Encoder outputs on pins 8 and 9, Slave receives external Encoder signals on pins 1 and 2. Mode Follow with Ratio (Electronic Gearing) '(Shows use of MF0, MFDIV and MFMUL) EIGN(W,0) 'Make all onboard I/O general inputs; 'disable travel limits ZS 'Clear all current faults MF0 'Reset CTR(1) MFDIV=-10 'Divisor = -10 MFMUL=21 'Multiplier = 21 MFR 'Calculate Ratio, input -10 external counts 'Resulting motion 21 counts 'Start following external encoder

Basic Logic Structures IF, ELSEIF, ELSE, ENDIF structure: PRINT ("a is less than b", #13) PRINT ("q equals 123", #13) 'if no condition above was true PRINT ("nothing above was true", #13) WHILE, LOOP structure: WHILE a<10 PRINT ("loop code executed 10 times", #13) GOTO, GOSUB structure: IF a>b GOTO1 ELSEIF b>c GOSUB5 GOTO6 PRINT ("b is greater than c", #13) RETURN SWITCH, CASE, BREAK structure: CASE 1 PRINT("v = 1",#13)CASE 2 PRINT(" v = 2 ".#13)CASE 3 PRINT(" v = -23 ",#13) BRFAK **DEFAULT** PRINT(" v IS NOT 1, 2 OR -23",#13) **BREAK ENDS**

Application of the Basic Program Flow



Multi-Axis Control Instructions

Type the following commands in the Terminal window.

Motor 2, slow motion to stop

NOTE: Comments on white background are for information only and cannot be typed.

Terminal Window - Sending Commands to Multiple Axes All motors, set local I/O in word 1 as gen-use, disable travel limits All motors, clear all current faults All motors, set to position mode All motors, set accel/decel to 500 (4 = 1 rev / sec ^ 2) All motors, set velocity target 32768 (32768 = 1rps = 60 rpm) All motors, set position relative target 4000 (4000 = 1rev) All motors, start motion Motor 1, report the position Motor 2, report the position All motors, set current position to 0 Motor 1, set to velocity mode Motor 1 set velocity target 300000 Motor 1, set accel/decel to 25 Motor 1, start motion Motor 1, slow motion to stop Motor 1, set velocity target -100000 Motor 1, start motion Motor 1, slow motion to stop Motor 2, set to torque mode Motor 2, set torque 1600 Motor 2. start motion Motor 2, slow motion to stop Motor 2, set velocity target -1280 Motor 2. start motion

www.animatics.com

* <u>Сомыткоміс</u>™ RED TEXT commands optionally support Combitronic™ syntax, which requires "-C, -DE, -CDS,

move linear distance

move to target position

velocity target for a move

STATUS COMMANDS:

status word 1, bit 3

to complete

synchronized relative target position

-CDS7" or "CANopen or DeviceNet" product option.

distance. Default is zero (off)

distance. Default is zero (off)

counts Divisor

counts Multiplier

ture encoder input.

distance, then decel

direction

MFD(value) Decel over value master

MFDIV=expression Assign Incoming

MFMUL=expression Assign Incoming

MF0 Initiate and zero counter, but do

MFR Select follow mode using quadra-

MFSLEW(value) Stay at slew for value

MINV(0) Default motor commutation

MINV(1) Invert commutation, shaft

MSR Calculate Mode Step Ratio and

MT Initiate Torque Mode (Open Loop)

O=expression Set origin, set present

OSH=expression Origin shift of position

PRT=expression Set the relative target

PT=expression Set the absolute target

(gen#) Instantly stop trajectory gener-

T=expression Set the commanded

torque while in MT mode

thermal limit (degrees C)

MULTI-AXIS COMMANDS

once for a move

interpolated moves

relative target position

MTB Enable mode torque brake

PML=expression Sets the position

PMT=expression Set the position

modulo limit wrap value

rotates opposite direction

MP Initiate Position Mode

MV Initiate Velocity Mode

OFF Turn the amplifier off

counter on the fly

modulo target

S Instantly stop motor

ator (gen#)

prepare to follow

Multi-Axis Control Wiring and Addressing

Computer with RS-232 Port

Motor 2

9 Pin RS-232

RS-232 Series

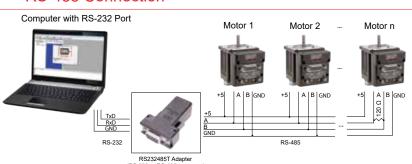
2 RS-232 Receive (Rx) 3 RS-232 Transmit (Tx) 5 RS-232 Ground (Gnd)



7 Pin Combo D-Sub A1 +20 to +48 VDC A2 Power Ground

- I/O 6; For -CDS7, CAN-L only +5V Out; For -CDS7, CAN-H only
- RS-232 Transmit (Tx) RS-232 Receive (Rx) 5 RS-232 Ground (Gnd)

RS-485 Connection



RS2324851 Adapter	
1	+5 VDC
2	GND
3	RS-485A
4	RS-485B

15 Pin D-Sub 12 +5 VDC out 13 Ground 5 I/O 4

- * RS-485A connected to I/O 4, RS-485B connected to I/O 5. Adapters provided by Moog Animatics have built-in biasing resistors. However, extensive networks should add bias at the very last motor in
- * Proper cabling would include a shielded twisted pair to minimize transmission interference.
- RS232485T adapter's +5 VDC power requirement should be provided by an external (non-motor) power supply.

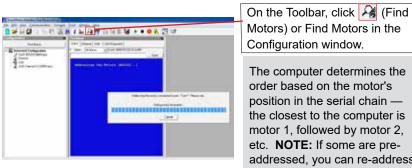
Addressing

END

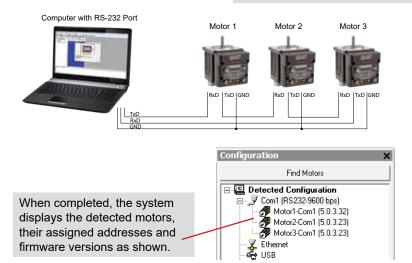
Objective: To be able to communicate instructions to the specified motor, each motor must first have a unique address within the whole system.

- Methods: SmartMotor provides two ways to define the motor address: 1. Automatic Addressing (Auto-Addressing): after each reboot, the system automatically sets the motor's address based on its order in the serial
- 2. Pre-Addressing: The motor's address is stored within each motor's user program.

Auto-Addressing



The computer determines the order based on the motor's position in the serial chain the closest to the computer is motor 1, followed by motor 2, etc. **NOTE:** If some are preaddressed, you can re-address all motors, which may change the existing motor addresses.



Pre-Addressing

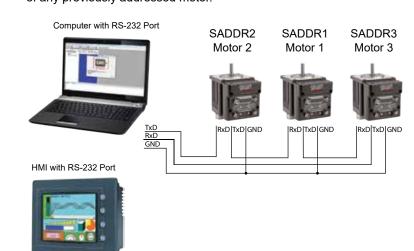
Enter the following commands into the motor's user program to have the SmartMotor self address:

> SADDRn 'Pre-motor address, where n = 1,2,3...ECHO 'Open response (see NOTE below) END

NOTE: For RS-232 multi-axis, all of the motor responses must be open (ECHO). For RS-485 multi-axis, all of the motor responses must be closed (ECHO_OFF).

Restart the power supply (Reset). After the motors have powered on, click (Detect Motors). SMI finds the pre-addressed motors and displays them in the Configuration window.

NOTE: If some motors are addressed and some are not, then you can choose to re-address all motors. This will probably change the address of any previously addressed motor.



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Common SmartMotor Commands

REFERENCE KEY:

 \boldsymbol{m} - is the mask value of which bits are W - defines it as a word (16 bits)

expression - an expression must conain no more than a total maximum of 32 operators, values, and parenthesis value - a number, variable or math

i - Interrupt number, valid values are from 0 to 7

CCHN(RS2,0) Close communication channel command **GETCHR** Get the next character from

F

CASE expression Switch case

DITR(i) Individual interrupt disable TR(i) Individual interrupt enable ELSEIF expression Used for IF statements to test another condition, if expression is true, then execute code **END** End program execution

ENDS Command for end of switch case

GOTO(value) Jump program execution to a label, value up to 999

ITR(i, status_wrd#, bit#, s, label#) Interrupt setup TRD Global interrupt scanner disable

ITRE Global interrupt scanner enable LOOP Loop command for while loops PAUSE Pause program execution, used **RETURN** Return from subroutine

* Multiply A Power limited to 4th power and below, I Bitwise inclusive OR

RUN? Wait at this point for RUN com-

mand before program starts to execute

SWITCH expression Switch case andom number in the range 0 to

only used in program TWAIT(gen#) Wait for trajectory generator (gen#) to complete its move WAIT=expression Set wait time in

WHILE expression expression with one operand I/O COMMANDS: constant - means a fixed integer gen# Trajectory generator number:

COMMUNICATION COMMANDS:

OCHN(RS2,0,N,9600,1,8,C,1000) 9600 baud,1 stop bit, 8 data bits,

PRINT("Hello World",#13) Print com-PROGRAM FLOW COMMANDS:

C constant Subroutine label, e.g. RETURN for each C label **DEFAULT** Default action for switch case

ENDIF End statement for IF code

GOSUB(value) Call a subroutine, value

IF expression Conditional Test, expression can be multiple math operations

RETURNI Return from interrupt UN Start program execution

Quick Reference for Frequently Used Commands RRANDOM Report the next available

TWAIT Wait for trajectory to complete SIN(value) Sine SQRT(value) Square Root TAN(value) Tangent TMR(x,t) Sets timer x for t millisecond

MOTION COMMANDS ADT=expression Set the accel/decel at once for a move EIGN(#) Assign a single I/O point as Ai(0) Arm index rising edge of internal

general use input EILN Set port C (I/O-2) as negative over Ai(1) Arm index rising edge of external EILP Set port D (I/O-3) as positive over AMPS=expression Current limit value

EIRE Set I/O 6 to capture external BREAK Break out of while loop encoder's current value **BRKENG** Manually Engage the brake EIRI Set I/O 6 to capture internal encod-**BRKRLS** Manually Release the brake er's current value

EOBK(#) Configure a given output to brake when the drive is not active control an external brake IN(#) x=IN(#), assign the state of a spe-BRKTRJ Brake Trajectory cific I/O to a variable (x in this case) CTR(0) Present value of internal INA(A,#) x=INA(A,#), raw analog reading: 10 bit resolution spanned over CTR(1) Present value of external

INA(V1,#) x=INA(V1,#), scaled 0-5 DEL =expression Set maximum allow-VDC reading in millivolts directly, 3456 able derivative error limit would be 3.456 VDC OR(value) Reset output (turn off) target for a move OS(value) Set output (turn on) following error limit = 1, then it's true (1); otherwise, it's ENC0 Enable internal encoder for servo

signed 16 bit range

!= Not equal to

< Less than

== Equal to

> Greater than

<= Less than or equal to

>= Greater than or equal to

ABS(value) Absolute Value

ACOS(value) Arc Cosine

ATAN(value) Arc Tangen

FABS(value) Floating point absolute

FSQRT(value) Floating point square

RANDOM=expression Set the random

COS(value) Cosine

% Modulo (remainder) division

NC1 Enable external encoder for servo F Set tuning values MATH COMMANDS: G Go, initiates all buffered modes of !I Bitwise exclusive OF

G(gen#) Go, initiate motion in trajectory generator (gen#) KA=expression Feed forward gain KD=expression Derivative gain KG=expression Gravity offset

KI=expression PID integral gain KL=expression PID integral limit KP=expression PID proportional gai KS=expression Differential sample rate KV=expression Velocity feed forward

MC Initiate electronic camming MC(2) Set Trajectory Generator 2 to run MDB Enable Trajectory Overshoo Brake (TOB) when in one of the 2 trapezoidal modes

MDT Set motor to trapezoidal mode

(default mode)

MDE Set motor to enhanced trapezoidal mode commutation by using encoder MDS Set motor to sine mode commu-

 $\textbf{ATS=} \textbf{expression} \ \mathsf{Set} \ \mathsf{sync} \ \mathsf{acceleration}$ target for a move DTS=expression Set sync deceleration for a move **GS** Go synchronized, initiates linear

PRTS=(dist1;axis1,dist2;ax-

is2.dist3:axis3) Set synchronized

PRTSS=(dis1;axis) Set supplemental

Combitronic™ CANbus network)

ADTS=expression Set sync accel/decel

RINA(V1,#) Reports voltage level (scaled 0-5 VDC) of analog input value for a given I/O defined by #

EPTR=expression EEPROM pointer latile memory, use before VLD and VST commands from EEPROM to variables starting at **EPTR** location VST(variable.quantity) Store values

VARIABLE COMMANDS:

a=expression Variable, 32 bit signed

integers, a-z, aa-zz, aaa-zzz, 78 total

ahfx1=expression Array variables, 8 bit

af[x]=expression Floating point array

aw[x]=expression Array variables, 16

byte arrays, x can be 0-203

long arrays, x can be 0-50

bit word arrays x can be 0-101

variables, x can be 0-7

Guide for a complete list of commands,

the external index was detected PTS=(dist1;axis1,dist2;axis2,dist3;axis3) Set synchronized absolute target RPC Report present commanded

PTSD Stores the synchronized target RPC(gen#) Report commanded position for trajectory generator (gen#) PTSS=(dis1;axis) Set supplemental RPMA Report the current modulo synchronized absolute target position PTST Stores the time for synchronized

RPMT Report the most recent setting of TSWAIT Wait for synchronized trajectory PMT (position modulo target) RPRA Report actual relative position

VTS=expression Set synchronized RPRC Report commanded relative

Ba Over current bit, status word 0, bit 4 RPT Report present target position RRES Report encoder resolution of

Be Excessive position error, status word RSP Report sampling rate and firmware Bh Excessive temperature occurred,

status word 0. bit 5 RT Report commanded torque BI Left (-) over travel limit, status word RTMR(x) Report timer x (present time left in milliseconds) Bm Left (-) over travel limit active, status RUIA Reports current (Amps=UIA/1000) RUJA Reports bus voltage (Volts=U-

Bo Motor is off, status word 0, bit 1 JA/1000) **Bp** Right (+) over travel limit active, RVT Report target velocity Br Right (+) over travel limit, status word RW(value) Report status word Z(sw,b) Clears/zeros status word bits

Bt Trajectory in progress, status word Za Reset over current bit Ze Reset position error bit Zh Reset over temperature bi **CLK=expression** System Clock value ZI Reset left(-) historical limit bit Zr Reset right(+) historical limit bit

RAC Report commanded acceleration ZS Clear all errors, reset system latches RAT Report target acceleration to power up state RB(sw,b) Report status bit, b, from

status word, sw RCKS Report Checksum RCLK Report system clock in milli-'H=expression Set maximum allowable VT=expression Set the velocity target RCTR(0) Report present value of

X Decelerate to a stop at present decel-RCTR(1) Report present value of

RDFA Report actual derivative error RDEL Report commanded derivative (All associated motors must be on same **RDT** Report target deceleration

REA Report actual following error ADT=expression Set the accel/decel at error limit

RI(0) Report where the rising edge of the internal index was detected RIN(#) Report the state of a I/O RIN(W,0) Report the first word of local

to EEPROM from variables starting at

NOTE: See the SmartMotor Developer's the internal index was detected RJ(1) Report where the falling edge of full syntax and code examples